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Modul:Chart

Mobile View Problem: Bar charts behave unpredictably, causing problems with the axes and legend. Use [Template:Graph:Chart](#) instead. Pie charts aren't too bad. Module Chart exports two functions: bar chart and pie chart

Note - [Template:Graph:Chart](#) is an alternative template, that may be more suitable for your use case.

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Drawing Bar charts: "bar chart"

Parameters

parameter name	what it does
delimiter	string to delimit multiple values when given. default to colon (:). normally you do not want to touch this, it's provided for the off-chance you'll want to use colon as part of one of the parameters.
width	number. if provided, must be at least 200. default: 500
height	number. if provided, must be at least 200. default: 350
group n	(where "n" is a number. use "group 1", "group 2" etc. for as many groups as there are in the graph) the values to be charted. see below.
tooltip	tooltip to be associated with specific bar. If no tooltip for a specific bar is defined, and this bar has a link, then this link will be used as tooltip. Otherwise, the tooltip will be

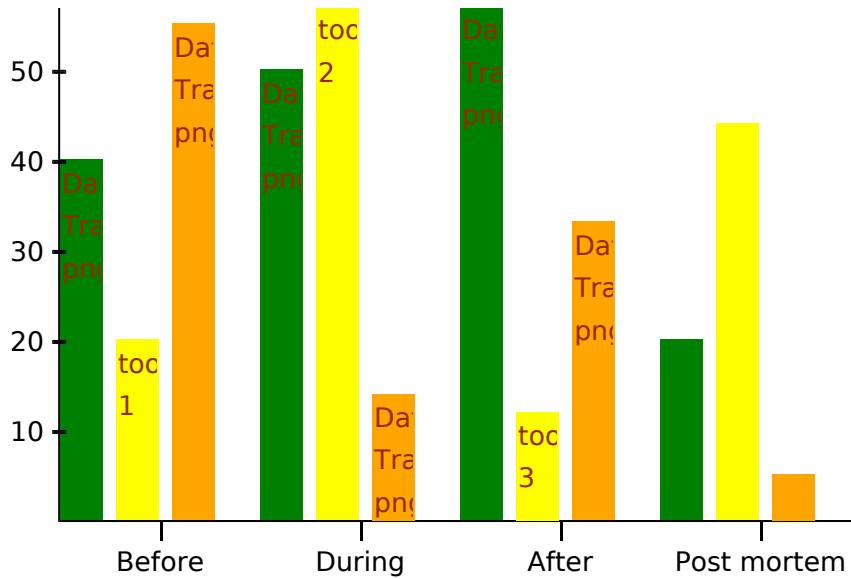
parameter name	what it does
tip n	combined from the group name and the value, optionally with "units prefix" and "units suffix".
link s n	links to articles to be associated with specific bar
stack	whether to stack the different groups on top of each other. do not specify to show bars side by side. Any non-empty value means "yes". To say "no", simply do not supply this parameter at all, or leave the value blank.
Vorlage: No wrap	useful only with stack: when set to true, tooltip will show accumulated value of all blocks up to current one
colors	the colors used to denote the various groups. should have exactly as many values as # of groups. can be given as standard html-recognized color names, or using #xxx or #xxxxxx notation.
x leg end s	The legends for the X values. Wikicode, such as internal links or templates can be used.
Vorlage: No wrap	if set to true, group legends will not be shown below chart. Any non-empty value means "yes". To say "no", simply do not supply this parameter at all, or leave the value blank.
Vorlage: No wrap	set to use separate Y- scale for each group. leave empty to use one scale for all groups. incompatible with "stack". Note that even if some of the scales are exactly the same, they will be drawn separately when this setting is on. Any non-empty value means "yes". To say "no", simply do not supply this parameter at all, or leave the value blank.
Vorlage: No	

parameter name	what it does
wrap	used in tooltip. e.g., \$, so values will show as "\$500" instead of "500" in the tooltip
Vorlage : No wrap	ditto for units suffix. use, e.g. "Kg" so values will show as 88Kg instead of 88 in tooltip. underscore ("_") are replaced by spaces, to allow a space between the value and the suffix.
Vorlage : No wrap	names of different groups
Vorlage : No wrap	number of tick marks on the y axis. if the value is negative or omitted, the module will attempt to automatically calculate a sensible number of tick marks.

Examples

Basic

```
{{ #invoke:Chart | bar chart
| group 1 = 40 : 50 : 60 : 20
| group 2 = 20 : 60 : 12 : 44
| group 3 = 55 : 14 : 33 : 5
| links 1 = Apple : McCintosh : Golden delicious
| links 2 = Banana : Apricot : Peach
| links 3 = Orange : Pear : Bear
| tooltip 2 = tooltip 1 : tooltip 2 : tooltip 3 : tooltip 4
| colors = green : yellow : orange
| group names = Apple : Banana : Orange
| x legends = Before : During : After : Post mortem
}}
```



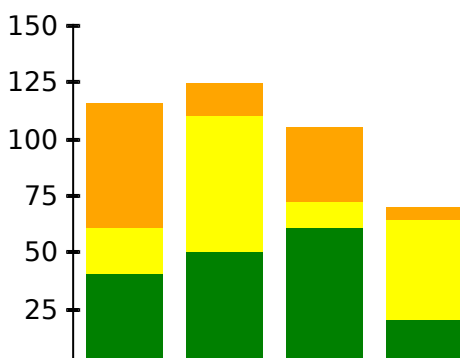
Stacked

Here is the same graph, with more modest height and width, using "stack", and adding "units suffix" for good measure:

```

{{ #invoke:Chart | bar chart
| height = 250
| width = 300
| stack = 1
| group 1 = 40 : 50 : 60 : 20
| group 2 = 20 : 60 : 12 : 44
| group 3 = 55 : 14 : 33 : 5
| colors = green : yellow : orange
| group names = Apple : Banana : Orange
| units suffix = Kg
| x legends = Before : During : After : Post mortem
}}

```



Before During After Post
mortem



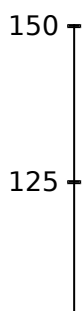
Scale per group

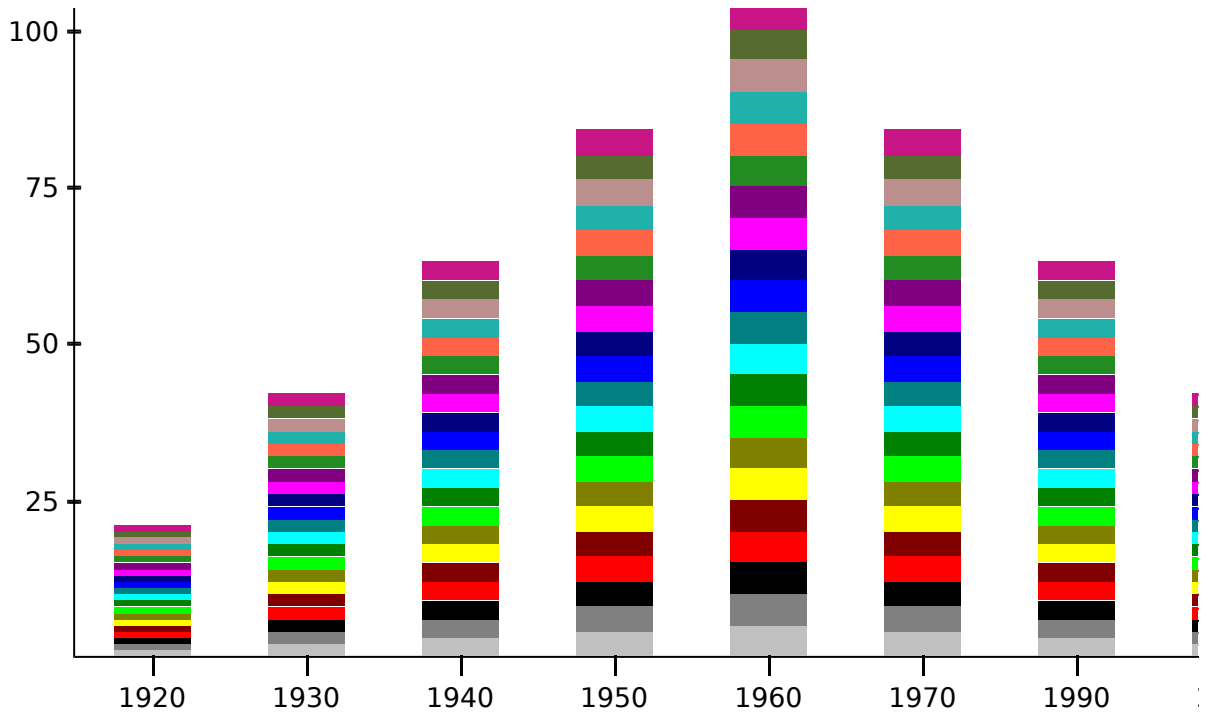
This option has been disabled. It was rarely used and broke in the last code update. Here is an example with large number of groups - mainly to test how it looks with large number of legends:

```

{{ #invoke:Chart | bar chart
  width = 800
  height = 550
  group 1 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
  group 2 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
  group 3 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
  group 4 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
  group 5 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
  group 6 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
  group 7 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
  group 8 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
  group 9 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
  group 10 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
  group 11 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
  group 12 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
  group 13 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
  group 14 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
  group 15 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
  group 16 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
  group 17 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
  group 18 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
  group 19 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
  group 20 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
  group 21 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
  colors = Silver:Gray:Black:Red:Maroon:Yellow:Olive:Lime:Green:Aqua:Teal:Blue:Na
  group names = Alabama:Alaska:Arizona:Arkansas:California:Colorado:Connecticut:
  x legends = 1920 : 1930 : 1940: 1950 : 1960 : 1970 : 1990 : 2000 : 2010
  units prefix = $
  units suffix = _billion
  stack = 1
}}

```





- Alabama
- Alaska
- Arizona
- Arkansas
- California
- Colorado
- Connecticut
- Delaware
- Florida
- Georgia
- Hawaii
- Idaho
- Illinois
- Indiana
- Iowa
- Kansas
- Kentucky
- Louisiana
- Maine
- Maryland
- Massachusetts

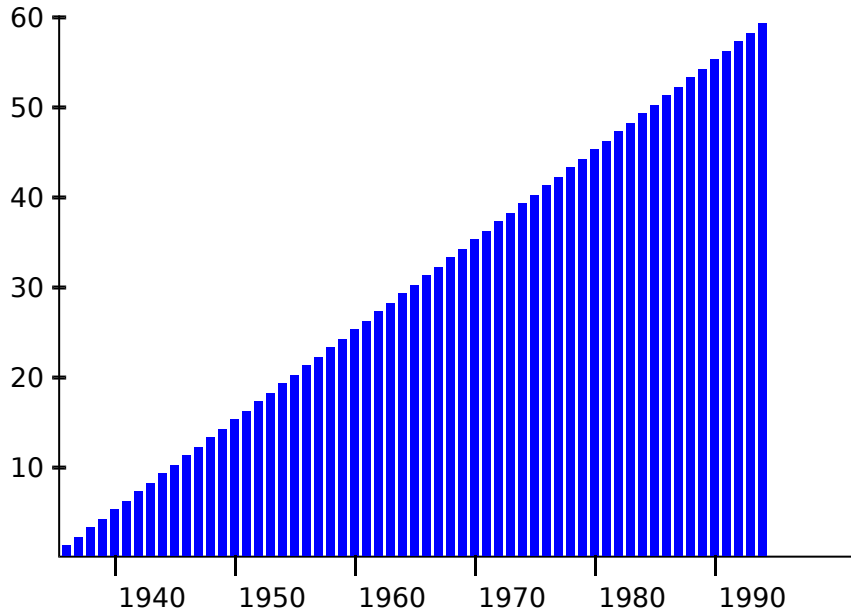
If there are many values, x legends can be diluted by using delimiters with nothing in between:



```

{{ #invoke:Chart | bar chart
| group 1 = 1:2:3:4:5:6:7:8:9:10:11:12:13:14:15:16:17:18:19:20:21:22:23:24:25:26:
:31:32:33:34:35:36:37:38:39:40:41:42:43:44:45:46:47:48:49:50:51:52:53:54:55:56:57
| units suffix = _Things
| group names = Some
| x legends = ::::1940::::::::::1950::::::::::1960::::::::::1970::::::::::1980::
}}

```



Vorlage:-

Drawing Pie charts: "pie chart"

Parameters

<p>what it does</p>
<p>parameter name</p>
<p>what it does</p>
<p>parameter name</p>

parameter name	what it does
delimiter	string to delimit multiple values when given. default to colon (:). normally you do not want to touch this, it's provided for the off-chance you'll want to use colon as part of one of the parameters.
radius	number. The radius of the pie in pixels
slices	<p>Tuples, in parenthesis. Use delimiter inside the tuple:</p> <pre>(Value1 : Name1 : Color1 : Link1) (Value2 : Name2 : Color2 : Link2) ...</pre> <p>The values are numbers. The numbers can be integers or decimal fractions, or using the scientific notation: 7.24e6, 7,240,000, or 7240000.00 are all acceptable for 7 Million and 240 thousands.</p> <p>Names are strings. Colors are optional. you can use any Web colors, such as "red" or "#FF0000". Up to 26 default colors are defined, but if your pie has more than 26 slices, you must define the colors of slice #27 and up. Links can be external or internal links, including linking to internal anchors and paragraphs in the same article, like so: <code>[[Article Tooltip]]</code> for internal link, <code>[[#Paragraph name Tooltip]]</code> for linking to an anchor in same article, or <code>[http://example.org Tooltip]</code> for external link.</p>
V or	

p a r a m e t e r n a m e	what it does
l a g e N o w r a p	<p>alternative syntax to "slices". n is the slice number, beginning with 1. make sure not to skip: if you define "slice 1", "slice 2", "slice 4", "slice 5"..., skipping slice 3, only the first two slices will be shown. this syntax is incompatible with "slices", i.e., they should not be used in conjunction in the same invocation. Using both "slices" and "slice n" in the same invocation will cause unpredictable results. The value is like a single "tuple" as explained above, but without the parenthesis:</p> <pre>slice 1 = Value1 : Name1 : Color1 : Link1 slice 2 = Value2 : Name2 : Color2 : Link2 ...</pre> <p>This syntax allows you to use parenthesis in names, links, and colors.</p>
p e r c e n t	<p>if used, the percentage of each slice will be calculated and added to the legend: so if you have two slices, like so: (1 : Younglings) (3 : elders), and use define "percent", the legends will become "Younglings: 1 (25%)" and "Elders: 3 (75%)", instead of simply "Younglings: 1" and "Elders: 3". Any non-empty value means "yes". To say "no", simply do not supply this parameter at all, or leave the value blank.</p>
V o r l a g e :	



<p>p a r a m e t e r n a m e</p>	<p>what it does</p>
<p>N o w r a p</p>	<p>used in the legend. e.g., defining "units prefix=\$", values will show as "\$500" instead of "500" in the legends</p>
<p>V o r l a g e : N o w r a p</p>	<p>ditto for units suffix. use, e.g. "Kg" so values will show as 88Kg instead of 88 in legend. underscore ("_") are replaced by spaces, to allow a space between the value and the suffix.</p>
<p>V o r l a g e :</p>	

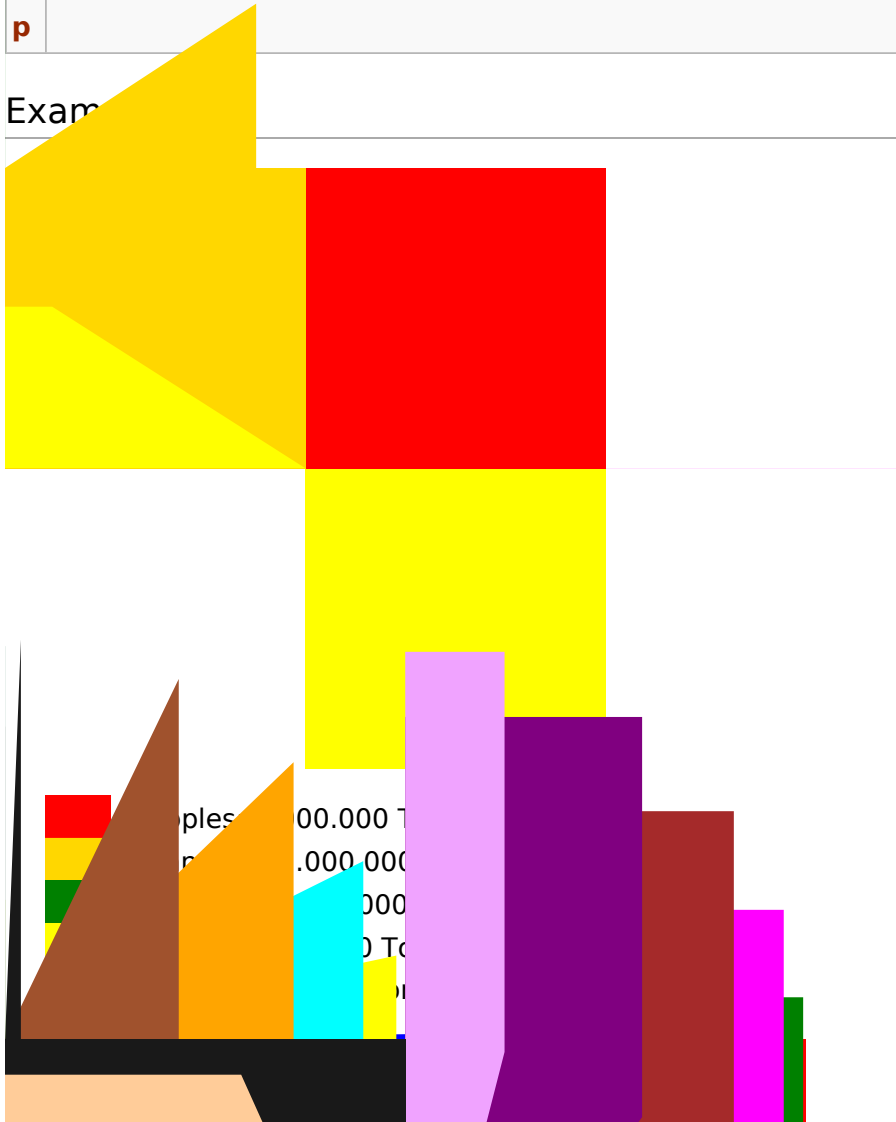


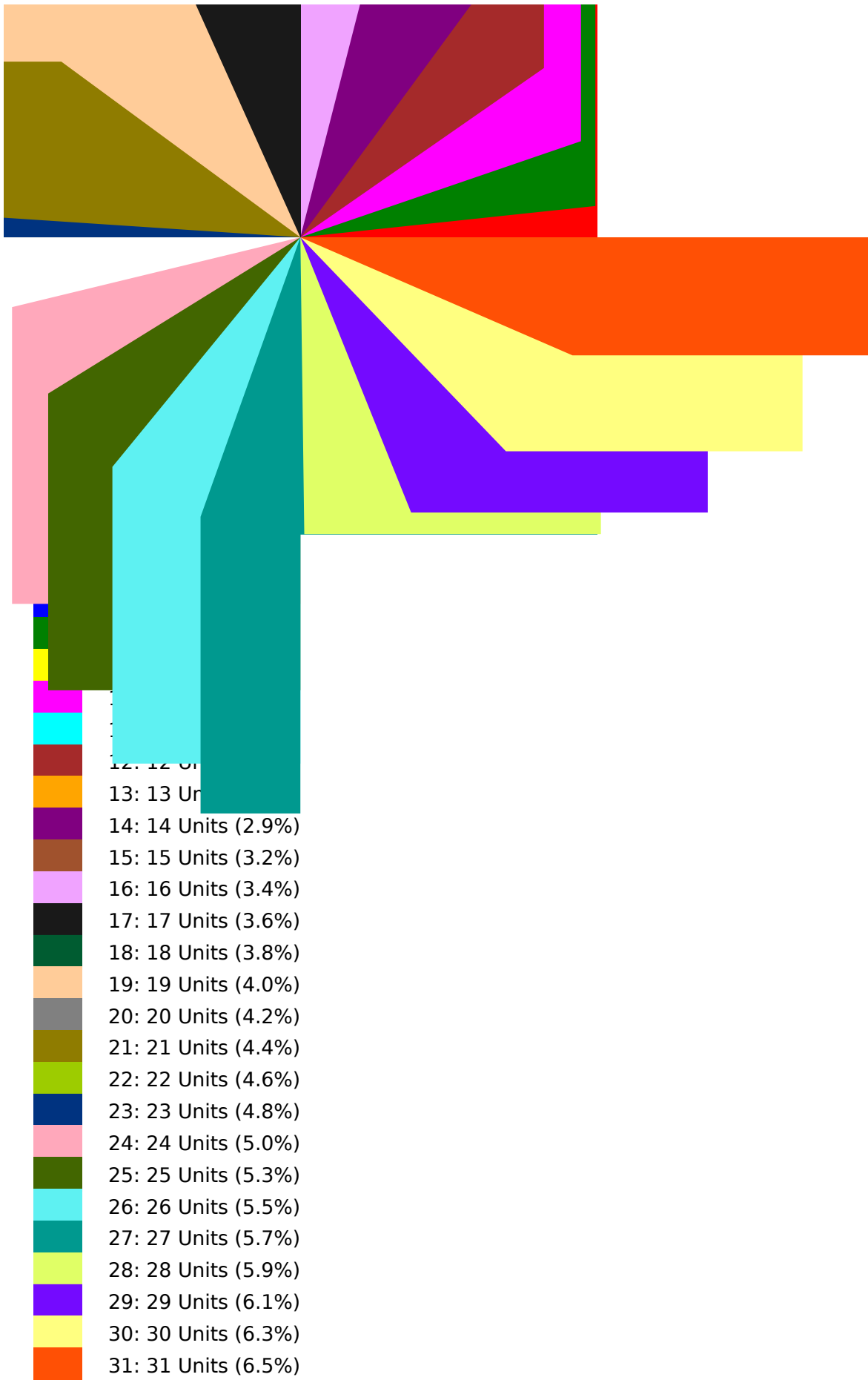
parameter name

what it does

Setting to true prevents displaying of the group legends under the chart. Any non-empty value means "yes". To say "no", simply do not supply this parameter at all, or leave the value blank.

Example





```
--[[
    keywords are used for languages: they are the names of the actual
    parameters of the template
]]

local keywords = {
    barChart = 'bar chart',
    pieChart = 'pie chart',
    width = 'width',
    height = 'height',
    stack = 'stack',
    colors = 'colors',
    group = 'group',
    xlegend = 'x legends',
    yticks = 'y tick marks',
    tooltip = 'tooltip',
    accumulateTooltip = 'tooltip value accumulation',
    links = 'links',
    defcolor = 'default color',
    scalePerGroup = 'scale per group',
    unitsPrefix = 'units prefix',
    unitsSuffix = 'units suffix',
    groupNames = 'group names',
    hideGroupLegends = 'hide group legends',
    slices = 'slices',
    slice = 'slice',
    radius = 'radius',
    percent = 'percent',

} -- here is what you want to translate

local defColors = mw.loadData("Module:Chart/Default colors")
local hideGroupLegends

local function nulOrWhitespace( s )
    return not s or mw.text.trim( s ) == ''
end

local function createGroupList( tab, legends, cols )
    if #legends > 1 and not hideGroupLegends then
        table.insert( tab, mw.text.tag( 'div' ) )
        local list = {}
        local spanStyle = "padding:0 1em;background-color:%s;border:1px solid %s"
        for gi = 1, #legends do
            local span = mw.text.tag( 'span', { style = string.format( spanStyle, defColors[ legends[ gi ] ] ) } )
            table.insert( list, mw.text.tag( 'li', {}, span ) )
        end
        table.insert( tab,
            mw.text.tag( 'ul',
                {style="width:100%;list-style:none;column-width:100%;border:none"},
                table.concat( list, '\n' )
            )
        )
        table.insert( tab, '</div>' )
    end
end

local function pieChart( frame )
    local res, imslices, args = {}, {}, frame.args
    local radius
    local values, colors, names, legends, links = {}, {}, {}, {}, {}
    local delimiter = args.delimiter or ':'
    local lang = mw.getContentLanguage()
```

```
local function getArg( s, def, subst, with )
    local result = args[keywords[s]] or def or ''
    if subst and with then result = string.gsub( result, subst, with )
    return result
end

local function analyzeParams()
    local function addSlice( i, slice )
        local value, name, color, link = unpack( mw.text.split( slice, ' ' ) )
        values[i] = tonumber( lang:parseFormattedNumber( value ) )
        or error( string.format( 'Slice %d: "%s"', first i, slice ) )
        colors[i] = not nulOrWhitespace( color ) and color or def
        names[i] = name or ''
        links[i] = link
    end

    radius = getArg( 'radius', 150 )
    hideGroupLegends = not nulOrWhitespace( args[keywords.hideGroupLegends] )
    local slicesStr = getArg( 'slices' )
    local prefix = getArg( 'unitsPrefix', '', '-', '' )
    local suffix = getArg( 'unitsSuffix', '', '-', '' )
    local percent = args[keywords.percent]
    local sum = 0
    local i = 0
    for slice in string.gmatch( slicesStr or '', "%b()" ) do
        i = i + 1
        addSlice( i, string.match( slice, '^((%S*(.-)%S*)$' ) )
    end

    for k, v in pairs(args) do
        local ind = string.match( k, '^' .. keywords.slice .. '%S*' )
        if ind then addSlice( tonumber( ind ), v ) end
    end

    for _, val in ipairs( values ) do sum = sum + val end
    for i, value in ipairs( values ) do
        local addprec = percent and string.format( ' (%0.1f%%)', value )
        legends[i] = string.format( '%s: %s%s%s%s', names[i], prefix, value, suffix, addprec )
        links[i] = mw.text.trim( links[i] or string.format( '[[#%s|]]', names[i] ) )
    end
end

local function addRes( ... )
    for _, v in pairs( { ... } ) do
        table.insert( res, v )
    end
end

local function createImageMap()
    addRes( '{{#tag:imagemap|', 'Image:Circle frame.svg{|!}}' .. ( radius )
    addRes( unpack( imsllices ) )
    addRes( 'desc none', '}}' )
end

local function drawSlice( i, q, start )
    local color = colors[i]
    local angle = start * 2 * math.pi
    local sin, cos = math.abs( math.sin( angle ) ), math.abs( math.cos( angle ) )
    local wsin, wcos = sin * radius, cos * radius
    local s1, s2, w1, w2, w3, w4, border
    if q == 1 then
        border = 'left'
        w1, w2, w3, w4 = 0, 0, wsin, wcos
    end
end
```

```

        s1, s2 = 'bottom', 'left'
    elseif q == 2 then
        border = 'bottom'
        w1, w2, w3, w4 = 0, wcos, wsin, 0
        s1, s2 = 'bottom', 'right'
    elseif q == 3 then
        border = 'right'
        w1, w2, w3, w4 = wsin, wcos, 0, 0
        s1, s2 = 'top', 'right'
    else
        border = 'top'
        w1, w2, w3, w4 = wsin, 0, 0, wcos
        s1, s2 = 'top', 'left'
    end

    local style = string.format( 'border:solid transparent;position:
if start <= ( q - 1 ) * 0.25 then
        style = string.format( '%s;border:0;background-color:%s',
    else
        style = string.format( '%s;border-width:%spx %spx %spx %s',
    end
    addRes( mw.text.tag( 'div', { style = style }, ' ' ) )
end

local function createSlices()
    local function coordsOfAngle( angle )
        return ( 100 + math.floor( 100 * math.cos( angle ) ) ) .
    end

    local sum, start = 0, 0
    for _, value in ipairs( values ) do sum = sum + value end
    for i, value in ipairs(values) do
        local poly = { 'poly 100 100' }
        local startC, endC = start / sum, ( start + value ) / sum
        local startQ, endQ = math.floor( startC * 4 + 1 ), math.f
        for q = startQ, math.min( endQ, 4 ) do drawSlice( i, q, s
        for angle = startC * 2 * math.pi, endC * 2 * math.pi, 0.0
            table.insert( poly, coordsOfAngle( angle ) )
        end
        table.insert( poly, coordsOfAngle( endC * 2 * math.pi )
        table.insert( imslices, table.concat( poly, ' ' ) )
        start = start + values[i]
    end
end

analyzeParams()
if #values == 0 then error( "no slices found - can't draw pie chart" ) end
addRes( mw.text.tag( 'div', { class = 'chart noresize', style = string.f
addRes( mw.text.tag( 'div', { style = string.format( 'position:relative;
createSlices()
addRes( mw.text.tag( 'div', { style = string.format( 'position:absolute;
createImageMap()
addRes( '</div>' ) -- close "position:relative" div that contains slices
addRes( '</div>' ) -- close "position:relative" div that contains slices
createGroupList( res, legends, colors ) -- legends
addRes( '</div>' ) -- close containing div
return frame:preprocess( table.concat( res, '\n' ) )
end

local function barChart( frame )
    local res = {}
    local args = frame.args -- can be changed to frame:getParent().args
    local values, xlegends, colors, tooltips, yscalses = {}, {}, {}, {}, {}

```

```
local groupNames, unitsSuffix, unitsPrefix, links = {}, {}, {}, {}
local width, height, yticks, stack, delimiter = 500, 350, -1, false, args
local chartWidth, chartHeight, defcolor, scalePerGroup, accumulateTooltip

local numGroups, numValues
local scaleWidth

local function validate()
    local function asGroups( name, tab, toDuplicate, emptyOK )
        if #tab == 0 and not emptyOK then
            error( "must supply values for " .. keywords[name] )
        end
        if #tab == 1 and toDuplicate then
            for i = 2, numGroups do tab[i] = tab[1] end
        end
        if #tab > 0 and #tab ~= numGroups then
            error ( keywords[name] .. ' must contain the same' )
        end
    end

    -- do all sorts of validation here, so we can assume all params are valid
    -- among other things, replace numerical values with mw.language

    chartHeight = height - 80
    numGroups = #values
    numValues = #values[1]
    defcolor = defcolor or 'blue'
    colors[1] = colors[1] or defcolor
    scaleWidth = scalePerGroup and 80 * numGroups or 100
    chartWidth = width - scaleWidth
    asGroups( 'unitsPrefix', unitsPrefix, true, true )
    asGroups( 'unitsSuffix', unitsSuffix, true, true )
    asGroups( 'colors', colors, true, true )
    asGroups( 'groupNames', groupNames, false, false )
    if stack and scalePerGroup then
        error( string.format( 'Illegal settings: %s and %s are in' ) )
    end
    for gi = 2, numGroups do
        if #values[gi] ~= numValues then error( keywords.group .
    end
    if #xlegends ~= numValues then error( 'Illegal number of ' .. key
end

local function extractParams()
    local function testone( keyword, key, val, tab )
        local i = keyword == key and 0 or key:match( keyword .. '
        if not i then return end
        i = tonumber( i ) or error("Expect numerical index for k
        if i > 0 then tab[i] = {} end
        for s in mw.text.gsplit( val, '%s*' .. delimiter .. '%s*'
            table.insert( i == 0 and tab or tab[i], s )
        end
        return true
    end

    for k, v in pairs( args ) do
        if k == keywords.width then
            width = tonumber( v )
            if not width or width < 200 then
                error( 'Illegal width value (must be a nu
            end
        elseif k == keywords.height then
```

```
        height = tonumber( v )
        if not height or height < 200 then
            error( 'Illegal height value (must be a number)' )
        end
    elseif k == keywords.stack then stack = true
    elseif k == keywords.yticks then yticks = tonumber(v) or 1
    elseif k == keywords.scalePerGroup then scalePerGroup = true
    elseif k == keywords.defcolor then defcolor = v
    elseif k == keywords.accumulateTooltip then accumulateTooltip = true
    elseif k == keywords.hideGroupLegends then hideGroupLegends = true
    else
        for keyword, tab in pairs( {
            group = values,
            xlegend = xlegends,
            colors = colors,
            tooltip = tooltips,
            unitsPrefix = unitsPrefix,
            unitsSuffix = unitsSuffix,
            groupNames = groupNames,
            links = links,
        } ) do
            if testone( keywords[keyword], keywords ) then break
            end
        end
    end
end
end
end

local function roundup( x ) -- returns the next round number: eg., for 36.5
    local ordermag = 10 ^ math.floor( math.log10( x ) )
    local normalized = x / ordermag
    local top = normalized >= 1.5 and ( math.floor( normalized + 1 ) )
    return ordermag * top, top, ordermag
end

local function calcHeightLimits() -- if limits were passed by user, use them
    if stack then
        local sums = {}
        for _, group in pairs( values ) do
            for i, val in ipairs( group ) do sums[i] = ( sums[i] or 0 ) + val
            end
        end
        local sum = math.max( unpack( sums ) )
        for i = 1, #values do yscales[i] = sum end
    else
        for i, group in ipairs( values ) do yscales[i] = math.max( unpack( group ) )
        end
        for i, scale in ipairs( yscales ) do yscales[i] = roundup( scale )
        if not scalePerGroup then for i = 1, #values do yscales[i] = math.max( yscales )
        end
    end
end

local function tooltip( gi, i, val )
    if tooltips and tooltips[gi] and not nulOrWhitespace( tooltips[gi] ) then
        local groupName = mw.text.killMarkers(not nulOrWhitespace( groupNames[gi] ) or '')
        local prefix = unitsPrefix[gi] or unitsPrefix[1] or ''
        local suffix = unitsSuffix[gi] or unitsSuffix[1] or ''
        return string.gsub(groupName .. prefix .. mw.getContentLanguage():plural( val ),
            '%s', tooltip)
    end
end

local function calcHeights( gi, i, val )
    local barHeight = math.floor( val / yscales[gi] * chartHeight + 0.5 )
    local top, base = chartHeight - barHeight, 0
    if stack then
        local rawbase = 0
    end
end
```

```
        for j = 1, gi - 1 do rawbase = rawbase + values[j][i] end
        base = math.floor( chartHeight * rawbase / yscales[gi] )
    end
    if barHeight < 2 then
        barHeight = 2 -- Otherwise the template would try to create a bar with height 0
    end
    return barHeight, top - base
end

local function groupBounds( i )
    local setWidth = math.floor( chartWidth / numValues )
    local setOffset = ( i - 1 ) * setWidth
    return setOffset, setWidth
end

local function calcx( gi, i )
    local setOffset, setWidth = groupBounds( i )
    if stack or numGroups == 1 then
        local barWidth = math.min( 38, math.floor( 0.8 * setWidth ) )
        return setOffset + (setWidth - barWidth) / 2, barWidth
    end
    setWidth = 0.85 * setWidth
    local barWidth = math.floor( 0.75 * setWidth / numGroups )
    local left = setOffset + math.floor( ( gi - 1 ) / numGroups * setWidth )
    return left, barWidth
end

local function drawbar( gi, i, val, ttval )
    if val == '0' then return end -- do not show single line (border)
    local color, tooltip, custom = colors[gi] or defcolor or 'blue',
    local left, barWidth = calcx( gi, i )
    local barHeight, top = calcHeights( gi, i, val )
    -- borders so it shows up when printing
    local style = string.format("position:absolute;left:%spx;top:%spx;
                                width:%spx;height:%spx;
                                left, top, barHeight-1, barWidth
    local link = links[gi] and links[gi][i] or ''
    local img = not nulOrWhitespace( link ) and string.format( '[[File:
table.insert( res, mw.text.tag( 'div', { style = style, title = ttval } )
end

local function drawYScale()
    local function drawSingle( gi, color, width, yticks, single )
        local yscale = yscales[gi]
        local _, top, ordermag = roundup( yscale * 0.999 )
        local numnotches = yticks >= 0 and yticks or
            (top <= 1.5 and top * 4
             or top < 4 and top * 2
             or top)
        local valStyleStr =
            single and 'position:absolute;height=20px;text-align:center'
            or 'position:absolute;height=20px;text-align:right'
        local notchStyleStr = 'position:absolute;height=1px;min-width:100%'
        for i = 1, numnotches do
            local val = i / numnotches * yscale
            local y = chartHeight - calcHeights( gi, 1, val )
            local div = mw.text.tag( 'div', { style = string.format(
            table.insert( res, div )
            div = mw.text.tag( 'div', { style = string.format(
            table.insert( res, div )
        end
    end
```

```
        if scalePerGroup then
            local colWidth = 80
            local colStyle = "position:absolute;height:%spx;min-width:"
            for gi = 1, numGroups do
                local left = ( gi - 1 ) * colWidth
                local color = colors[gi] or defcolor
                table.insert( res, mw.text.tag( 'div', { style =
                    drawSingle( gi, color, colWidth, yticks )
                    table.insert( res, '</div>' )
                end
            else
                drawSingle( 1, 'black', scaleWidth, yticks, true )
            end
        end
    end

    local function drawXlegends()
        local setOffset, setWidth
        local legendDivStyleFormat = "position:absolute;left:%spx;top:10"
        local tickDivstyleFormat = "position:absolute;left:%spx;height:10"
        for i = 1, numValues do
            if not nulOrWhitespace( xlegends[i] ) then
                setOffset, setWidth = groupBounds( i )
                -- setWidth = 0.85 * setWidth
                table.insert( res, mw.text.tag( 'div', { style =
                    table.insert( res, mw.text.tag( 'div', { style =
                end
            end
        end

    end

    local function drawChart()
        table.insert( res, mw.text.tag( 'div', { class = 'chart noresize'
        table.insert( res, mw.text.tag( 'div', { style = string.format("f

        table.insert( res, mw.text.tag( 'div', { style = string.format("f
        local acum = stack and accumulateTooltip and {}
        for gi, group in pairs( values ) do
            for i, val in ipairs( group ) do
                if acum then acum[i] = ( acum[i] or 0 ) + val end
                drawbar( gi, i, val, acum and acum[i] )
            end
        end
        table.insert( res, '</div>' )
        table.insert( res, mw.text.tag( 'div', { style = string.format("f
        drawYScale()
        table.insert( res, '</div>' )
        table.insert( res, mw.text.tag( 'div', { style = string.format( '
        drawXlegends()
        table.insert( res, '</div>' )
        table.insert( res, '</div>' )
        createGroupList( res, groupNames, colors )
        table.insert( res, '</div>' )

    end

    extractParams()
    validate()
    calcHeightLimits()
    drawChart()
    return table.concat( res, "\n" )

end
```



```
return {  
    ['bar-chart'] = barChart,  
    [keywords.barChart] = barChart,  
    [keywords.pieChart] = pieChart,  
}
```



Modul:Chart/Default colors

Die Dokumentation für dieses Modul kann unter [Modul:Chart/Default colors/Doku](#) erstellt werden

```
return {'red', 'red',  
'blue', 'blue',  
'green', 'green',  
'yellow', 'yellow',  
'fuchsia', 'fuchsia',  
'aqua', 'aqua',  
'brown', 'brown',  
'orange', 'orange',  
'purple', 'purple',  
'sienna', 'sienna',  
  
'amethyst', '#F0A3FF',  
'ebony', '#191919',  
'forest', '#005C31',  
'honeydew', '#FFCC99',  
'iron', '#808080',  
'khaki', '#8F7C00',  
'lime', '#9DCC00',  
'navy', '#003380',  
'pink', '#FFA8BB',  
'quagmire', '#426600',  
'sky', '#5EF1F2',  
'turquoise', '#00998F',  
'uranium', '#E0FF66',  
'violet', '#740AFF',  
'xanthin', '#FFFF80',  
'zinnia', '#FF5005'}
```

Modul:Chart/Doku

Dies ist die Dokumentationsseite für Modul:Chart

Mobile View Problem: Bar charts behave unpredictably, causing problems with the axes and legend. Use [Template:Graph:Chart](#) instead. Pie charts aren't too bad. Module Chart exports two functions: bar chart and pie chart

Note - [Template:Graph:Chart](#) is an alternative template, that may be more suitable for your use case.

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Drawing Bar charts: "bar chart"

Parameters

parameter name	what it does
delimiter	string to delimit multiple values when given. default to colon (:). normally you do not want to touch this, it's provided for the off-chance you'll want to use colon as part of one of the parameters.
width	number. if provided, must be at least 200. default: 500
height	number. if provided, must be at least 200. default: 350
group n	(where "n" is a number. use "group 1", "group 2" etc. for as many groups as there are in the graph) the values to be charted. see below.

parameter name	what it does
tooltip	tooltip to be associated with specific bar. If no tooltip for a specific bar is defined, and this bar has a link, then this link will be used as tooltip. Otherwise, the tooltip will be combined from the group name and the value, optionally with "units prefix" and "units suffix".
link	links to articles to be associated with specific bar
stack	whether to stack the different groups on top of each other. do not specify to show bars side by side. Any non-empty value means "yes". To say "no", simply do not supply this parameter at all, or leave the value blank.
Vorlage: No wrap	useful only with stack: when set to true, tooltip will show accumulated value of all blocks up to current one
colors	the colors used to denote the various groups. should have exactly as many values as # of groups. can be given as standard html-recognized color names, or using #xxx or #xxxxxxx notation.
x legends	The legends for the X values. Wikicode, such as internal links or templates can be used.
Vorlage: No wrap	if set to true, group legends will not be shown below chart. Any non-empty value means "yes". To say "no", simply do not supply this parameter at all, or leave the value blank.
Vorlage: No wrap	set to use separate Y- scale for each group. leave empty to use one scale for all groups. incompatible with "stack". Note that even if some of the scales are exactly the same, they will be drawn separately when this setting is on. Any non-empty value means "yes". To say "no", simply do not supply this parameter at all, or leave the value blank.
Vorlage	

parameter name	what it does
: No wrap	used in tooltip. e.g., \$, so values will show as "\$500" instead of "500" in the tooltip
Vorlage: No wrap	ditto for units suffix. use, e.g. "Kg" so values will show as 88Kg instead of 88 in tooltip. underscore ("_") are replaced by spaces, to allow a space between the value and the suffix.
Vorlage: No wrap	names of different groups
Vorlage: No wrap	number of tick marks on the y axis. if the value is negative or omitted, the module will attempt to automatically calculate a sensible number of tick marks.

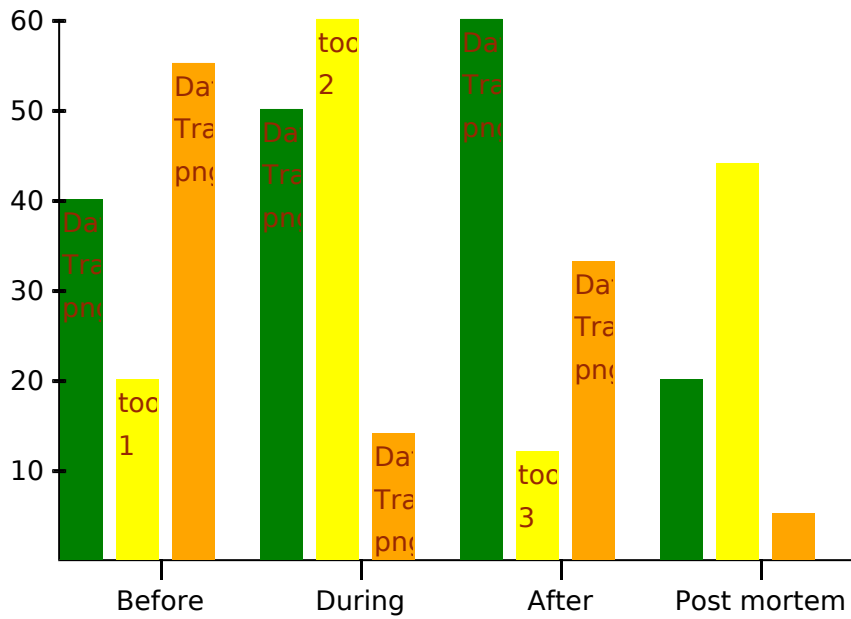
Examples

Basic

```

{{ #invoke:Chart | bar chart
| group 1 = 40 : 50 : 60 : 20
| group 2 = 20 : 60 : 12 : 44
| group 3 = 55 : 14 : 33 : 5
| links 1 = Apple : McCintosh : Golden delicious
| links 2 = Banana : Apricot : Peach
| links 3 = Orange : Pear : Bear
| tooltip 2 = tooltip 1 : tooltip 2 : tooltip 3 : tooltip 4
| colors = green : yellow : orange
| group names = Apple : Banana : Orange
| x legends = Before : During : After : Post mortem
}}

```



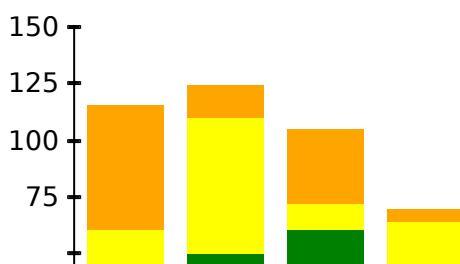
Stacked

Here is the same graph, with more modest height and width, using "stack", and adding "units suffix" for good measure:

```

{{ #invoke:Chart | bar chart
| height = 250
| width = 300
| stack = 1
| group 1 = 40 : 50 : 60 : 20
| group 2 = 20 : 60 : 12 : 44
| group 3 = 55 : 14 : 33 : 5
| colors = green : yellow : orange
| group names = Apple : Banana : Orange
| units suffix = Kg
| x legends = Before : During : After : Post mortem
}}

```





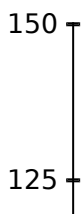
Scale per group

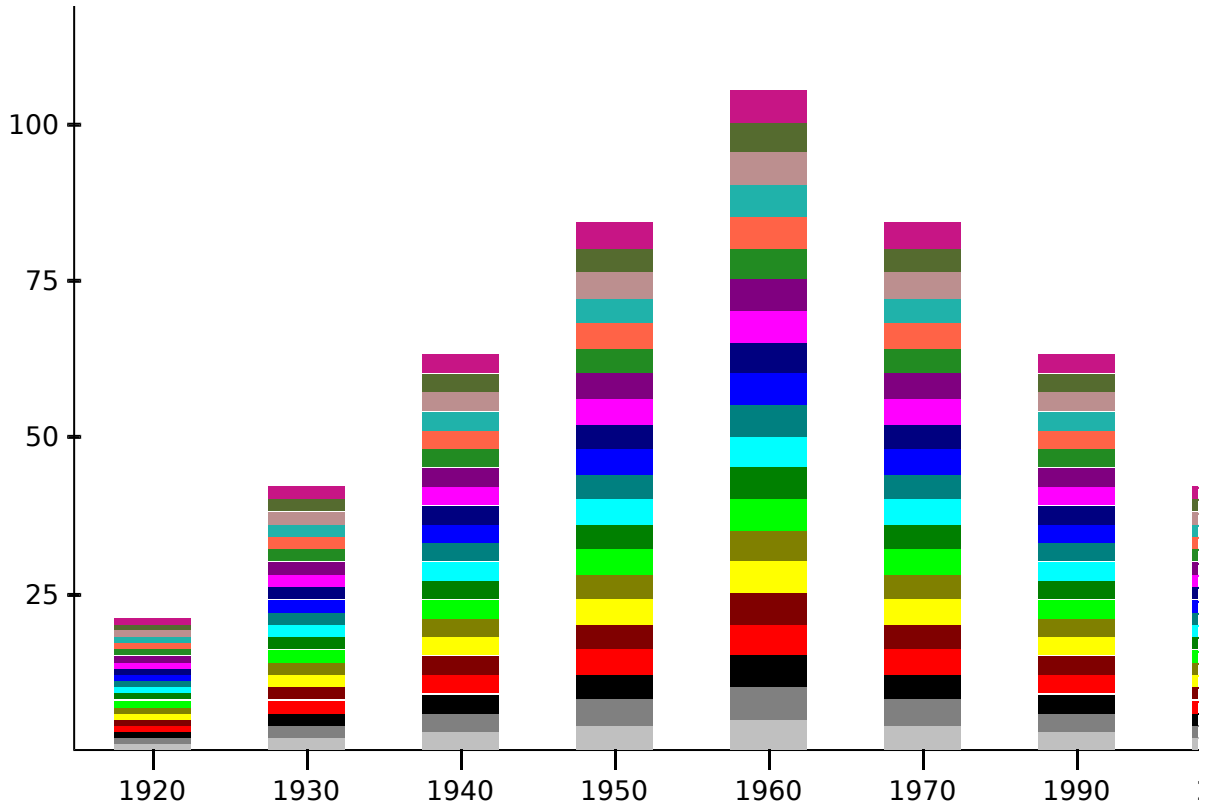
This option has been disabled. It was rarely used and broke in the last code update. Here is an example with large number of groups - mainly to test how it looks with large number of legends:

```

{{ #invoke:Chart | bar chart
| width = 800
| height = 550
| group 1 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
| group 2 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
| group 3 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
| group 4 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
| group 5 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
| group 6 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
| group 7 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
| group 8 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
| group 9 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
| group 10 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
| group 11 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
| group 12 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
| group 13 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
| group 14 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
| group 15 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
| group 16 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
| group 17 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
| group 18 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
| group 19 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
| group 20 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
| group 21 = 1:2:3:4:5:4:3:2:1
| colors = Silver:Gray:Black:Red:Maroon:Yellow:Olive:Lime:Green:Aqua:Teal:Blue:Ne
| group names = Alabama:Alaska:Arizona:Arkansas:California:Colorado:Connecticut:G
| x legends = 1920 : 1930 : 1940: 1950 : 1960 : 1970 : 1990 : 2000 : 2010
| units prefix = $
| units suffix = _billion
| stack = 1
}}

```

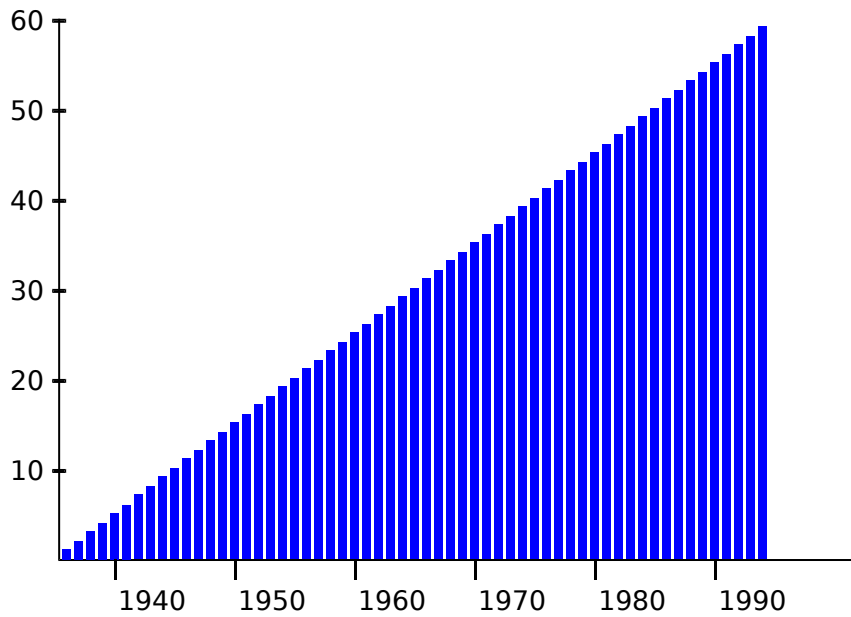




- Alabama
- Alaska
- Arizona
- Arkansas
- California
- Colorado
- Connecticut
- Delaware
- Florida
- Georgia
- Hawaii
- Idaho
- Illinois
- Indiana
- Iowa
- Kansas
- Kentucky
- Louisiana
- Maine
- Maryland
- Massachusetts

If there are many values, x legends can be diluted by using delimiters with nothing in between:

```
{{ #invoke:Chart | bar chart  
| group 1 = 1:2:3:4:5:6:7:8:9:10:11:12:13:14:15:16:17:18:19:20:21:22:23:24:25:26:  
:31:32:33:34:35:36:37:38:39:40:41:42:43:44:45:46:47:48:49:50:51:52:53:54:55:56:57:  
| units suffix = _Things  
| group names = Some  
| x legends = ::::1940::::::::::1950::::::::::1960::::::::::1970::::::::::1980:::  
}}
```



Vorlage:-

Drawing Pie charts: "pie chart"

Parameters

parameter name	what it does
delimiter	string to delimit multiple values when given. default to colon (:). normally you do not want to touch this, it's provided for the off-chance you'll want to use colon as part of one of the parameters.
radius	number. The radius of the pie in pixels
	<p>Tuples, in parenthesis. Use delimiter inside the tuple:</p> <pre>(Value1 : Name1 : Color1 : Link1) (Value2 : Name2 : Color2 : Link2) ...</pre> <p>The values are numbers. The numbers can be integers or decimal fractions, or using the scientific notation: 7.24e6, 7,240,000, or 7240000.00 are all acceptable for 7 Million and 240 thousands.</p>

p a r a m e t e r n a m e	what it does
sl ic e s	Names are strings. Colors are optional. you can use any Web colors , such as "red" or "#FF0000". Up to 26 default colors are defined, but if your pie has more than 26 slices, you must define the colors of slice #27 and up. Links can be external or internal links, including linking to internal anchors and paragraphs in the same article, like so: [[Article Tooltip]] for internal link, [[#Paragraph name Tooltip]] for linking to an anchor in same article, or [http://example.org Tooltip] for external link.
V o r l a g e: N o w r a p	alternative syntax to "slices". n is the slice number, beginning with 1. make sure not to skip: if you define "slice 1", "slice 2", "slice 4", "slice 5"... , skipping slice 3, only the first two slices will be shown. this syntax is incompatible with "slices", i.e., they should not be used in conjunction in the same invocation. Using both "slices" and "slice n" in the same invocation will cause unpredictable results. The value is like a single "tuple" as explained above, but without the parenthesis: <pre>slice 1 = Value1 : Name1 : Color1 : Link1 slice 2 = Value2 : Name2 : Color2 : Link2 ...</pre>
p e r c e n t	This syntax allows you to use parenthesis in names, links, and colors. if used, the percentage of each slice will be calculated and added to the legend: so if you have two slices, like so: (1 : Younglings) (3 : elders), and use define "percent", the legends will become "Younglings: 1 (25%)" and "Elders: 3 (75%)", instead of simply "Younglings: 1" and "Elders: 3". Any non-empty value means "yes". To say "no", simply do not supply this parameter at all, or leave the value blank.
V o r l a	



parameter name	what it does
ge: Nowrap	used in the legend. e.g., defining "units prefix=\$", values will show as "\$500" instead of "500" in the legends
Vorlage: Nowrap	ditto for units suffix. use, e.g. "Kg" so values will show as 88Kg instead of 88 in legend. underscore ("_") are replaced by spaces, to allow a space between the value and the suffix.
Vorlage:	



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what it does

o Setting to true prevents displaying of the group legends under the chart. Any non-empty
w value means "yes". To say "no", simply do not supply this parameter at all, or leave the value
r blank.
a
p

Exam

