

## Modul:Ustring/Doku

### Dies ist die Dokumentationsseite für Modul:Ustring

This module directly imports all functions from the [Vorlage:Luaref](#) library. Documentation for each function can be found there.

The module takes an indefinite number of arguments. Arguments given as [Vorlage:Para](#), [Vorlage:Para](#), etc, are read first, and are used as strings. All remaining numerical arguments are coerced to number type if possible, and remain strings if not. If you wish for a numerical (i.e. unnamed or "[Vorlage:Para](#)", "[Vorlage:Para](#)") to remain a string, you can simply escape it by inserting `\` at the beginning of the string.

Note that MediaWiki will always trim whitespace from named arguments; to give arguments with surrounding whitespace you must use unnamed parameters starting with `\`.

### How to pass inconvenient strings

To pass this...	Write this	Explanation
" 0123 "	<a href="#">Vorlage:Para</a>	To get surrounding whitespace must use unnamed, but must precede with <code>\</code> to indicate that it isn't a number.
"0123"	<a href="#">Vorlage:Para</a>	If you don't need to preserve whitespace use <a href="#">Vorlage:Para</a> etc.
"\0123"	<a href="#">Vorlage:Para</a>	If you don't need to preserve whitespace explicitly use <a href="#">Vorlage:Para</a> etc.
In another template, to pass its parameter <code>{{{1}}}</code> , preserving whitespace	<a href="#">Vorlage:Para</a>	Must provide the <code>\</code> with unknown string input.
In another template, to pass its parameter <code>{{{1}}}</code> , stripping whitespace	<a href="#">Vorlage:Para</a>	
In another template, to pass its parameter <code>{{{1}}}</code> , stripping whitespace	<a href="#">Vorlage:Para</a>	

You can also wrap results in tags. All other unused arguments will be passed to [Vorlage:Luaref](#)



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## Usage

`{{#invoke:Ustring|function_name|arg1|arg2|...}}` is equivalent to [Vorlage:Luaref](#)

### Example using mw.ustring.sub

```
{{#invoke:Ustring|sub|s1=abcde|2|4}}
```

produces:

bcd

### Example using mw.ustring.gsub

```
{{#invoke:Ustring|gsub|s1=1234|23|}}
```

produces:

14

### Example using mw.ustring.char

```
&#x20;{{#invoke:ustring|char|49|48|59}}
```

produces:

&#10;

### Example using mw.ustring.match

```
{{#invoke:Ustring|match|s1=abcde|s2=(c%w)}}
```

produces:

cd

Note: Only the first match is returned. Additional returns are omitted because mw.ustring.gsub's second return value is generally undesirable.

## Example using tag arguments

```
{{#invoke:Ustring|match
|s1={{Module:Ustring}}|%s%%sif%not%[^%s]+%sthen.+%
<!---enter an actual newline character to match '\n'-->%s%%s%send
|tag=syntaxhighlight|lang=lua}}
```

produces:

```
if not fargs.tag then
    return (what(unpack(args))) -- Out
end
local tagargs = {}
for x, y in pairs(fargs) do
    if not fargsused[x] then tagargs[x] = y end
end
```

Note that:

```
<syntaxhighlight lang="lua">{{#invoke:Ustring|match
|s1={{Module:Ustring}}|%s%%sif%not%[^%s]+%sthen.+%
<!---enter an actual newline character to match '\n'-->%s%%s%send}}</syntaxhighlight>
```

produces:

```
{{#invoke:Ustring|match
|s1={{Module:Ustring}}|%s%%sif%not%[^%s]+%sthen.+%
<!---enter an actual newline character to match '\n'-->%s%%s%send}}
```

## Errors

Errors from accessing [Vorlage:Luaref](#) should be maintained, e.g.:

```
{{#invoke:Ustring|xyzyzy}}
```

should produce:

[Vorlage:Script error](#)

and

```
{{#invoke:Ustring|maxPatternLength}}
```

should produce:

[Vorlage:Script error](#)

## See also

[Vorlage:String handling templates](#)